SEA-level data current as of 05/24/2023 LEA- and school-level data current as of 05/24/2023

CONSOLIDATED STATE PERFORMANCE REPORT PART II

SCHOOL YEAR 2021-2022

NEW YORK



The Consolidated State Performance Report (CSPR) is the required annual reporting tool for each State, the Bureau of Indian Education, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico as authorized under Section 8303 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015 (ESSA)

Paperwork Burden Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 1810-0724. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 36.50 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. The obligation to respond to this collection is required to obtain or retain a benefit under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA). If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: U.S. Department of Education, Washington, DC 20202-4537. If you have comments or concerns regarding the status of your individual submission of this form, write directly to: Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, S.W., Washington, DC 20202.

2.1 ACCOUNTABILITY

2.1.2 Schools Identified for Comprehensive Support and Improvement

In the table below, provide the number of schools identified for comprehensive support and improvement by reason identified.

Populated with SY2022-2023 SCH-LEVEL FS206/DG842 and FS212/DG866.

Reason Type	Number of Schools	Number of Title I Schools	Number of Non-Title I Schools
	79	53	
Lowest performing five percent of Title I schools	256	157	
High schools failing to graduate one third or more of their students	30	13	

2.1.3 Schools Implementing Targeted Support and Improvement Plans

In the table below, provide the number of schools implementing targeted support and improvement plans.

Populated with SY2022-2023 SCH-LEVEL FS206/DG842 and FS212/DG867.

Reason Type	Number of Schools	Ι	
Schools with One or More Consistently Underperforming Subgroups of Students	44	33	3

2.1.4 Section 1003 of the ESEA School Improvement Funds

In the tables below, provide the amount of Section 1003 funds of the ESEA allocated to each district and school.

2.1.4.1 Section 1003 of the ESEA Allocations to LEAs

For each LEA receiving a 1003(a) allocation, list the amount of the allocation.

Populated with SCH-LEVEL FS132/DG794.

Data published outside report.

2.1.4.2 Section 1003 of the ESEA Allocations to Schools

For each school receiving a Section 1003(a) allocation of the ESEA, list the amount of the allocation.

Populated with SCH-LEVEL FS132/DG794.

Data published outside report.

2.2 GRADUATION RATES AND POSTSECONDARY ENROLLMENT

This section collects data on graduation rates and rates of postsecondary enrollment.

2.2.1 Four Year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rates

In the table below, provide the State's four year adjusted cohort graduation rates for the current reporting period.

Populated with SEA-LEVEL FS150/DG695 and FS151/DG696.

Student Group	# of Graduates	# of Students in Cohort	Graduation Rate
All students	S	205955	86.7
American Indian or Alaska Native	S	1482	82
Asian or Pacific Islander	S	20350	92.3
Asian	S	19765	92.5
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	S	585	85
Black or African American	S	34726	80.5
Hispanic or Latino	S	53515	80.4
White	S	91907	91.5
Two or more races	S	3975	86.7
Children with Disabilities (IDEA)	S	35047	66.2
English learners	S	13789	60.7
Economically disadvantaged students	S	108238	81.6
Children in foster care	S	717	49
Children who are homeless	S	7869	69.4

Frequently asked questions (FAQs) on graduation rates:

What is the adjusted cohort graduation rate? The adjusted cohort graduation rate is described in sections 8101(23) and 8101(25) of the ESEA.

2.2.2 Postsecondary Enrollment

In the table below, provide counts of students who enrolled in programs of postsecondary education during the current reporting period.

Populated with SEA-LEVEL FS160/DG739.

Student Group	# Enrolled in an IHE	# Not Enrolled in an IHE	# For Which Data Are Unavailable	Total
All students	120423	S	65439	S
American Indian or Alaska Native	712	S	564	S
Asian or Pacific Islander	15727	S	3503	S
Asian	15360	S	3353	S
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	367	S	150	S
Black or African American	16584	S	13551	S
Hispanic or Latino	24995	S	21127	S
White	60102	S	25423	S
Two or more races	2303	S	1271	S
Female	66102	S	27103	S
Male	54321	S	38336	S
Children with Disabilities (IDEA)	10321	S	15556	S
English Learners	3013	S	6917	S
Economically disadvantaged students	51831	S	41071	S

2.3 TITLE I, PART A PROGRAM PARTICIPATION

The following sections collect data on students participating in Title I, Part A by various student characteristics.

2.3.1 Student Participation in Public Title I, Part A by Special Services or Programs

In the table below, provide the number of public school students served by either Public Title I Schoolwide Programs (SWPs) or Targeted Assistance programs (TAS) at any time during the regular school year for each category listed. Count each student only once in each category even if the student participated during more than one term or in more than one school or district in the State. Count each student in as many of the categories that are applicable to the student. Include pre-kindergarten through grade 12. Do not include the following individuals: (1) adult participants of adult literacy programs funded by Title I, (2) private school students participating in Title I programs operated by local educational agencies, or (3) students served in Part A local neglected programs.

Populated with SEA-LEVEL FS037/DG548.

Special Services or Programs	# Students Served
Children with disabilities (IDEA)	274054
English learners	214806
Homeless students	101052
Migrant students	1308

2.3.2 Student Participation in Public Title I, Part A by Racial/Ethnic Group

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of public school students served by either Title I SWP or TAS at any time during the regular school year. Each student should be reported in only one racial/ethnic category. Include pre-kindergarten through grade 12. The total number of students served will be calculated automatically.

Do not include (1) adult participants of adult literacy programs funded by Title I, (2) private school students participating in Title I programs operated by local educational agencies, or (3) students served in Part A local neglected programs.

Populated with SEA-LEVEL FS037/DG548.

Race Ethnicity	# Students Served
American Indian or Alaska Native	14828
Asian	147322
Black or African American	333571
Hispanic or Latino	556517
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	4606
White	368243
Two or more races	39103
Total	1464190

2.3.3 Student Participation in Title I, Part A by Grade Level

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of students participating in Title I, Part A programs by grade level and by type of program: Title I public TAS, Title I SWP, private school students participating in Title I programs (private), and Part A local neglected programs (local neglected).

Populated with SEA-LEVEL FS134/DG670.

Age Grade	Public SWP	Public TAS	Local Neglected	Private	Total
Age Birth through 2	0	0	0	24	24
Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)	5297	646	1	1227	7171
Kindergarten	103598	4738	1	3397	111734
Grade 1	103858	8085	0	4712	116655
Grade 2	105333	8421	0	4530	118284
Grade 3	105149	7619	2	4436	117206
Grade 4	106167	7974	3	4232	118376
Grade 5	108745	7681	2	4159	120587
Grade 6	106705	6398	5	3702	116810
Grade 7	108299	5248	4	3358	116909
Grade 8	122537	5421	22	3196	131176
Grade 9	112677	3906	134	2808	119525
Grade 10	105302	3095	101	2557	111055
Grade 11	95575	2521	100	2470	100666
Grade 12	99359	1209	136	2473	103177
Ungraded	8382	188	12	545	9127
Total	1396983	73150	523	47826	1518482

2.5 PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION PROGRAMS FOR CHILDREN AND YOUTH WHO ARE NEGLECTED, DELINQUENT, OR AT RISK

This section collects data on programs and facilities that serve students who are neglected, delinquent, or at risk under Title I, Part D, and characteristics about and services provided to these students.

Throughout this section:

-Report data for the program year of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. -Count programs/facilities based on how the program was classified to ED for funding purposes.

-Do not include programs funded solely through Title I, Part A.

-Use the definitions listed below:

o Adult Corrections: An adult correctional institution is a facility in which persons, including persons 21 or under, are confined as a result of conviction for a criminal offense.

o At-Risk Programs: Programs operated (through LEAs) that target students who are at risk of academic failure, dependency adjudication, or delinquency adjudication, have a drug or alcohol problem, are pregnant or parenting, have been in contact with the juvenile justice or child welfare system in the past, are at least 1 year behind the expected age/grade level, are English learners, are gang members, have dropped out of school in the past, or have a high absenteeism rate at school.

o Juvenile Corrections: An institution for delinquent children and youth that is a public or private residential facility other than a foster home that is operated for the care of children and youth who have been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision. Include any programs serving adjudicated youth (including non-secure facilities and group homes) in this category.

o Juvenile Detention Facilities: Detention facilities are shorter-term institutions that provide care to children who require secure custody pending court adjudication, court disposition, or execution of a court order, or care to children after commitment.

o Neglected Programs: An institution for neglected children and youth is a public or private residential facility, other than a foster home, that is operated primarily for the care of children who have been committed to the institution or voluntarily placed under applicable State law due to abandonment, neglect, or death of their parents or guardians.

o Other: Any other programs, not defined above, that receive Title I, Part D funds and serve non-adjudicated children and youth.

2.5.1 State Agency Title I, Part D Programs and Facilities - Subpart 1

The following questions collect data on Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 programs and facilities.

2.5.1.1 Programs and Facilities - Subpart 1

In the table below, provide the number of State agency Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 programs and facilities that serve neglected and delinquent students and the average length of stay by program/facility type, for these students. Report only programs and facilities that received Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 funding during the reporting year. Count a facility once if it offers only one type of program. If a facility offers more than one type of program (i.e., it is a multipurpose facility), then count each of the separate programs. The total number of programs/facilities will be automatically calculated. Below the table is a FAQ about the data collected in this table.

State Program or Facility Type	# Programs or Facilities	Average Length of Stay in Days
Adult corrections	7	91
Juvenile corrections	0	0
Juvenile detention	9	138
Neglected programs	0	0
Other programs	0	0
Total	16	

FAQ on programs and facilities - subpart 1:

How is average length of stay calculated? The average length of stay should be weighted by number of students and should include the number of days, per visit, for each student enrolled during the reporting year, regardless of entry or exit date. Multiple visits for students who entered more than once during the reporting year can be included. The average length of stay in days should not exceed 365.



2.5.1.2 Programs and Facilities That Reported - Subpart 1

In the table below, provide the number of State agency Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 programs/facilities that reported data on neglected and delinquent students. The total row will be automatically calculated.

State Program Facility Type	# Reporting Data
Adult corrections	7
Juvenile corrections	0
Juvenile detention	9
Neglected programs	0
Other programs	0
Total	16

2.5.1.3 Students Served - Subpart 1

In the tables below, provide the number of neglected and delinquent students served in State agency Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 programs and facilities. Report only students who received Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 services during the reporting year. In the first table, provide, in row 1, the unduplicated number of students served by each program, and, in row 2, the total number of students in row 1 who are long-term. In the subsequent tables provide the number of students served by disability (IDEA) and EL status, by race/ethnicity, by sex, and by age. The total number of students by race/ethnicity, by sex, and by age will be automatically calculated.

Populated with SEA-LEVEL FS119/DG656.

# of Students Served	Neglected Programs		Juvenile Corrections	Adult Corrections	Other Programs
Total Long-Term Students Served		437		66	
Total Unduplicated Students Served		690		536	

Provide the number of students served by special populations.

Student Subgroups	Neglected Programs		Juvenile Corrections	Adult Corrections	Other Programs
Children with one or more disabilities (IDEA)		311		135	
English learners		0	•	4	

Provide the number of students served by race/ethnicity.

Race Ethnicity	Neglected Programs	Juvenile Detention	Juvenile Corrections	Adult Corrections	Other Programs
American Indian or Alaska Native		0		7	
Asian		0		3	
Black or African American		334		316	
Hispanic or Latino		137		127	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific		0		0	
White		121		69	
Two or more races		98		14	
Total		690		536	

Provide the number of students served by gender.

Sex	Neglected Programs		Juvenile Corrections	Adult Corrections	Other Programs
Female		98		9	
Male		592		527	
Total		690		536	

Provide the number of students served by age.

Age	Neglected Programs	Juvenile Detention	Juvenile Corrections	Adult Corrections	Other Programs
Age 3 through 5		0		0	
Age 6		0	•	0	
Age 7		0		0	
Age 8		0		0	
Age 9		0		0	
Age 10		0	•	0	
Age 11		1	•	0	
Age 12		3		0	
Age 13		18		0	
Age 14		59		0	
Age 15		96	•	0	
Age 16		125		0	
Age 17		198		0	
Age 18		139		11	
Age 19		44		93	
Age 20		7		230	
Age 21		0		202	
Total		690	•	536	

FAQ on unduplicated count: What is an unduplicated count? An unduplicated count is one that counts students only once, even if they were admitted to a facility or program multiple times within the reporting year.

FAQ on long-term: What is long-term? Long-term refers to students who were enrolled for at least 90 consecutive calendar days from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022.

2.5.1.4 Academic, Career, and Technical Outcomes While in the State Agency Program/Facility or within 90 Calendar Days after Exit

In the tables below, for each program type, provide the number of students who attained academic, career, and technical outcomes.

The first table includes outcomes a student is able to achieve only after exit. In this table, provide the unduplicated number of students who enrolled or planned to enroll in their local district school within 90 calendar days after exiting. A student may be reported only once per program type.

The second table includes outcomes a student is able to achieve only one time. In this table, provide the unduplicated number of students who attained the listed outcomes either in the while enrolled in the State agency program/facility column ('in fac.') or in the within 90 calendar days after exiting column. A student may be reported only once across the two time periods per program type.

The third table includes outcomes a student may achieve more than once. In the 'in fac.' column, provide the unduplicated number of students who attained academic, career and technical outcomes while enrolled in the State agency program/facility. In the '90 days after exit' column provide the unduplicated number of students who attained academic, career, and technical outcomes within 90 calendar days after exiting. If a student attained an outcome once in the program/facility and once during the 90-day transition period, that student may be reported once in each column.

Populated with SEA-LEVEL FS180/DG783 and FS181/DG785.

	Neglected Programs		Juvenile Corrections	Adult Corrections	Other Programs
Enrolled in local district school		S		S	

Outcomes	Neglected Programs - In Fac	Neglected Programs - 90 Days after Exit	Juvenile Detention - In Fac	Juvenile Detention - 90 Days after Exit	Juvenile Corrections - In Fac
Were accepted and/or enrolled into post-secondary education			28	S	
Obtained high school diploma			19	S	
Obtained employment			S	S	
Enrolled in job training courses/programs			150	S	
Enrolled in a GED program			67	S	
Earned high school course credits			286	S	
Earned a GED			32	S	

Outcomes	Juvenile Corrections - 90 Days after Exit	Adult Corrections - In Fac	Adult Corrections - 90 Days after Exit	Other Programs - In Fac	Other Programs - 90 Days after Exit
Were accepted and/or enrolled into post-secondary education		9	S		
Obtained high school diploma		S	S		
Obtained employment		226	S		
Enrolled in job training courses/programs		226	S		
Enrolled in a GED program		55	S		
Earned high school course credits		S	S		
Earned a GED		18	S		

2.5.2 Academic Performance - Subpart 1

The following questions collect data on the academic performance of neglected and delinquent long-term students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 in reading and mathematics.

2.5.2.1 Academic Performance in Reading - Subpart 1

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of long-term students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 1, who participated in reading pre-and post-testing. Students should be reported in only one of the four change categories.

Report only information on a student's most recent testing data. Students who were pre-tested prior to July 1, 2021, may be included if their post-test was administered during the reporting year. Students who were post-tested after the reporting year ended should be counted in the following year. Below the table is an FAQ about the data collected in this table.

Populated with SEA-LEVEL FS113/DG628.

Performance Data (Based on Most Recent Pre Post-Test Data)	Neglected Programs	Juvenile Detention	Juvenile Corrections	Adult Corrections	Other Programs
Long-term students with negative grade level change from the pre- to post-test exams		3		25	
Long-term students with no change in grade level from the pre- to post-test exams		S		S	
Long-term students with improvement up to one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams		S		S	
Long-term students with improvement of more than one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams		15		14	
Total students pre/post-tested		22		45	

2.5.2.2 Academic Performance in Mathematics - Subpart 1

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of long-term students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 1, who participated in mathematics pre- and post-testing. Students should be reported in only one of the four change categories.

Report only information on a student's most recent testing data. Students who were pre-tested prior to July 1, 2021, may be included if their post-test was administered during the reporting year. Students who were post-tested after the reporting year ended should be counted in the following year.

Populated with SEA-LEVEL FS113/DG628.

Performance Data (Based on most recent pre post-test data)	Neglected Programs	Juvenile Detention	Juvenile Corrections	Adult Corrections	Other Programs
Long-term students with negative grade level change from the pre- to post-test exams		S		19	
Long-term students with no change in grade level from the pre- to post-test exams		S		S	
Long-term students with improvement up to one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams		7		S	
Long-term students with improvement of more than one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams		12		16	
Total students pre/post-tested		23		40	

2.5.3 LEA Title I, Part D Programs and Facilities - Subpart 2

The following questions collect data on Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 programs and facilities.

2.5.3.1 Programs and Facilities - Subpart 2

In the table below, provide the number of LEA Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 programs and facilities that serve neglected and delinquent students and the yearly average length of stay by program/facility type for these students. Report only the programs and facilities that received Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 funding during the reporting year. Count a facility once if it offers only one type of program. If a facility offers more than one type of program (i.e., it is a multipurpose facility), then count each of the separate programs. The total number of programs/facilities will be automatically calculated. Below the table is an FAQ about the data collected in this table.

LEA Program or Facility Type	# Programs or Facilities	Average Length of Stay (# days)
At-risk programs	0	0
Juvenile corrections	116	157
Juvenile detention	0	0
Neglected programs	0	0
Other programs	0	0
Total	116	

FAQ on average length of stay:

How is average length of stay calculated? The average length of stay should be weighted by number of students and should include the number of days per visit for each student enrolled during the reporting year, regardless of entry or exit date. Multiple visits for students who entered more than once during the reporting year can be included. The average length of stay in days should not exceed 365.



2.5.3.2 Programs and Facilities That Reported - Subpart 2

In the table below, provide the number of LEA Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 programs and facilities that reported data on neglected and delinquent students. The total row will be automatically calculated.

LEA Program or Facility Type	# Reporting Data
At-risk programs	0
Juvenile corrections	113
Juvenile detention	4
Neglected programs	0
Other programs	0
Total	117

Data Quality Comments

Although no jails received Title I, Part D funding for SY 2022/23, four jail programs reported data for the school year. Carryover funding was utilized to provide ND services reported for the 2022/23 school year. There are three juvenile corrections facilities missing data in this report. The program office will conduct outreach with these three facilities to assist in accurate and timely data submission in the future.

2.5.3.3 Students Served - Subpart 2

In the tables below, provide the number of neglected and delinquent students served in LEA Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 programs and facilities. Report only students who received Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 services during the reporting year. In the first table, provide, in row 1, the unduplicated number of students served by each program, and, in row 2, the total number of students in row 1 who are long-term. In the subsequent tables, provide the number of students served by disability (IDEA), and EL status, by race/ethnicity, by sex, and by age. The total number of students by race/ethnicity, by sex, and by age will be automatically calculated.

Populated with LEA-LEVEL FS127/DG657.

# of Students Served	Neglected Programs		Juvenile Corrections	Other Programs
Total Long-Term Students Served	•	69	4478	
Total Unduplicated Students Served	•	222	7998	

Provide the number of students served by special populations.

Student Subgroups	Neglected Programs		Juvenile Corrections	Other Programs
Children with one or more disabilities (IDEA)		13	4039	
English learners		46	426	

Provide the number of students served by race/ethnicity.

Race Ethnicity	At-Risk Programs	Neglected Programs	Juvenile Detention	Juvenile Corrections	Other Programs
American Indian or Alaska Native	•		1	29	
Asian			1	81	
Black or African American			87	2935	
Hispanic or Latino			115	2128	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific				10	
White			18	2414	
Two or more races				401	
Total			222	7998	

Provide the number of students served by sex.

Sex	At-Risk Programs	Neglected Programs		Juvenile Corrections	Other Programs
Female			17	2220	
Male			205	5778	
Total		•	222	7998	

Provide the number of students served by age.

Age	At-Risk Programs	Neglected Programs	Juvenile Detention	Juvenile Corrections	Other Programs
Age 3 through 5				7	
Age 6				24	
Age 7				40	
Age 8				68	
Age 9				90	
Age 10				113	
Age 11				144	
Age 12				285	
Age 13				490	
Age 14				819	
Age 15				1167	
Age 16			2	1403	
Age 17			12	1663	
Age 18			52	1047	
Age 19			49	413	
Age 20			59	143	
Age 21			48	82	
Total			222	7998	

FAQ on unduplicated count:

What is an unduplicated count? An unduplicated count is one that counts students only once, even if they were admitted to a facility or program multiple times within the reporting year.

FAQ on long-term:

What is long-term? Long-term refers to students who were enrolled for at least 90 consecutive calendar days from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022.

2.5.3.4 Academic, Career, and Technical Outcomes While in the LEA Program/Facility or within 90 Calendar Days after Exit

In the tables below, for each program type, provide the number of students who attained academic, career, and technical outcomes.

The first table includes outcomes a student is able to achieve only after exit. In this table, provide the unduplicated number of students who enrolled or planned to enroll in their local district school within 90 calendar days after exiting. A student may be reported only once per program type.

The second table includes outcomes a student is able to achieve only one time. In this table, provide the unduplicated number of students who attained the listed outcomes either in the while enrolled in the LEA program/facility column ('in fac.') or in the within 90 calendar days after exiting column. A student may be reported only once across the two time periods per program type.

The third table includes outcomes a student may achieve more than once. In the 'in fac.' column, provide the unduplicated number of students who attained academic, career and vocational outcomes while enrolled in the LEA program/facility. In the '90 days after exit' column provide the unduplicated number of students who attained academic, career and vocational outcomes within 90 calendar days after exiting. If a student attained an outcome once in the program/facility and once during the 90 day transition period, that student may be reported once in each column.

Populated with LEA-LEVEL FS180/DG782 and FS181/DG784.

Outcomes(once per student, only after exit)	Neglected Programs		Juvenile Corrections	Other Programs
Enrolled in local district school		S	777	

Outcomes	At-Risk Programs - In Fac	At-Risk Programs - 90 Days After Exit	Neglected Programs - In Fac	Neglected Programs - 90 Days After Exit	Juvenile Detention - In Fac
Were accepted and/or enrolled into post-secondary education					S
Obtained high school diploma					S
Obtained employment					11
Enrolled in job training courses/programs					S
Enrolled in a GED program					219
Earned high school course credits					4
Earned a GED					7

Outcomes	Juvenile Detention - 90 Days After Exit	Juvenile Corrections - In Fac	Juvenile Corrections - 90 Days After Exit	Other Programs - In Fac	Other Programs - 90 Days After Exit
Were accepted and/or enrolled into post-secondary education	4	145	32		
Obtained high school diploma	S	330	35		
Obtained employment	10	347	46		
Enrolled in job training courses/programs	4	1232	114		
Enrolled in a GED program	16	208	61		
Earned high school course credits	5	3429	652		
Earned a GED	S	53	17		

2.5.3.5 Academic Performance - Subpart 2

The following questions collect data on the academic performance of neglected and delinquent long-term students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 in reading and mathematics.

2.5.3.5.1 Academic Performance in Reading - Subpart 2

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of long-term students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 2, who participated in reading pre- and post-testing. Students should be reported in only one of the four change categories. Reporting pre- and post-test data for at-risk students in the table below is optional.

Report only information on a student's most recent testing data. Students who were pre-tested prior to July 1, 2021, may be included if their post-test was administered during the reporting year. Students who were post-tested after the reporting year ended should be counted in the following year. Below the table is an FAQ about the data collected in this table.

Populated with LEA-LEVEL FS125/DG629.

Performance Data(Based on Most Recent Pre Post-Test Data)	At-Risk Programs	Neglected Programs		Juvenile Corrections	Other Programs
Long-term students with negative grade level change from the pre- to post-test exams			S	449	
Long-term students with no change in grade level from the pre- to post-test exams			3	376	
Long-term students with improvement up to one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams			8	523	
Long-term students with improvement of more than one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams			S	354	
Total students pre/post-tested			13	1702	

FAQ on long-term:

What is long-term? Long-term refers to students who were enrolled for at least 90 consecutive calendar days from July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022.

Is reporting pre/post-test data for at-risk programs required? No, reporting pre/post-test data for at-risk students is no longer required, but States have the option to continue to collect and report it within the CSPR.

2.5.3.5.2 Academic Performance in Mathematics - Subpart 2

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of long-term students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 2, who participated in mathematics pre- and post-testing. Students should be reported in only one of the four change categories. Reporting pre- and post-test data for at-risk students in the table below is optional.

Report only information on a student's most recent testing data. Students who were pre-tested prior to July 1, 2021, may be included if their post-test was administered during the reporting year. Students who were post-tested after the reporting year ended should be counted in the following year.

Performance Data(Based on most recent pre post-test data)	At-Risk Programs	Neglected Programs	Juvenile Detention	Juvenile Corrections	Other Programs
Long-term students with negative grade level change from the pre- to post-test exams			S	452	
Long-term students with no change in grade level from the pre- to post-test exams			4	362	
Long-term students with improvement up to one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams			7	386	
Long-term students with improvement of more than one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams			S	309	
Total students pre/post-tested			12	1509	

Populated with LEA-LEVEL FS125/DG629.

2.6 STUDENT SUPPORT AND ACADEMIC ENRICHMENT GRANTS (TITLE IV, PART A)

2.6.1 Funds Spent Under Title IV, Part A

This section collects data on the amount of funds spent by LEAs on the three content areas under Title IV, Part A of the ESEA.

Content Area	Amount of Funds Spent
Well-Rounded	\$41,631,710
Safe and Healthy Students	\$19,932,516
Effective Use of Technology	\$5,111,571



2.6.2 LEAs Who Spent Funds Under Title IV, Part A

This section collects data on the number of LEAs who spent funds by the content areas under Title IV, Part A of the ESEA. For the 'Any' category, report the number of LEAs that spent funds in any of the three content areas. An LEA should be included in the count of each content area it spent funds on (i.e. an LEA may be represented in more than one content area in the table below).

Content Area	Number of LEAs Spending Funds
Well-Rounded	532
Safe and Healthy Students	443
Effective Use of Technology	283
Any Content Area	690



2.7 FUNDING TRANSFERABILITY FOR STATE AND LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES (TITLE V, PART A)

2.7.1 State Transferability of Funds

In the table below, indicate whether the State transferred funds under the state transferability authority.

Did the State transfer funds under the State Transferability authority of Section 5103(a) during SY2021-2022?

Data Quality Comments

2.7.2 Local Educational Agency (LEA) Transferability of Funds

In the table below, indicate the number of LEAs that notified the State that they transferred funds under the LEA transferability authority.

LEAs that notified the State that they were transferring funds under the LEA Transferability authority of Section 5103(b). 373

2.7.3 LEA Funds Transfers

In the table below, provide the total number of LEAs that transferred funds from an eligible program to another eligible program.

Program	# LEAs Transferring Funds FROM Eligible Program	# LEAs Transferring Funds TO Eligible Program
Education of Migratory Children (Title I, Part C)		0
English Language Acquisition, Language Enhancement, and Academic Achievement Act (Title III, Part A)		2
Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAs (Title I, Part A)		218
Prevention and Intervention Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected, Delinquent, or At-Risk (Title I, Part D)		0
Rural Education Initiative (Title V, Part B)		0
Student Support and Enrichment Grants (Title IV, Part A)	308	4
Supporting Effective Instruction (Title II, Part A)	186	147

In the table below provide the total amount of FY 2021 appropriated funds transferred from and to each eligible program.

Program	Total Amount of Funds Transferred FROM Eligible Program	Total Amount of Funds Transferred TO Eligible Program
Education of Migratory Children (Title I, Part C)		\$0
English Language Acquisition, Language Enhancement, and Academic Achievement Act (Title III, Part A)		\$34,002
Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAs (Title I, Part A)		\$11,130,787
Prevention and Intervention Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected, Delinquent, or At-Risk (Title I, Part D)		\$0
Rural Education Initiative (Title V, Part B)		\$0
Student Support and Enrichment Grants (Title IV, Part A)	\$6,351,171	\$82,622
Supporting Effective Instruction (Title II, Part A)	\$7,307,335	\$2,411,095

2.8 RURAL EDUCATION ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM (REAP)

This section collects data on the Rural Education Achievement Program (REAP) Title V, Part B, Subparts 1 and 2.

2.8.1 LEA Use of Rural Low-Income Schools Program (RLIS) (Title V, Part B, Subpart 2) Grant Funds

In the table below, provide the number of eligible LEAs that used RLIS funds during SY2020-21 for each of the listed purposes.

Purpose	# LEAs
Activities authorized under Part A of Title I	24
Activities authorized under Part A of Title II	16
Activities authorized under Title III	3
Activities authorized under Part A of Title IV	28
Parental involvement activities	4

Data Quality Comments

2.8.2 RLIS Objectives and Outcomes

In the space below, describe the progress the State has made in meeting the objectives and outcomes for the Rural Low-Income School (RLIS) Program as described in the State's most current Consolidated State Application. If providing quantitative data along with your narrative, please ensure all data is converted to text format.

Comments

The New York State Education Department (NYSED)'s ESSA plan objective is that Local Education Agencies (LEAs) utilize Title V, Part B funds to improve the outcomes of students in meeting the State's challenging academic standards through: 1) Improving teaching and learning in the classroom and 2) Improving equity in the classroom. In the 2021-22 school year, LEAs were required in their Consolidated Application to provide a narrative stating how the LEA funds will be used to meet one or both criteria for using these funds. All 52 RLIS recipients' applications were reviewed to determine that they were applying funds toward these objectives. LEAs were surveyed to see if they felt objectives were met for the prior year. Thirty (30) stated they met their objectives, 1 stated they exceeded their objectives and 16 stated they did not meet prior year objectives. Five (5) LEAs did not apply for funds or did not respond to the survey.

2.8.3 RLIS Technical Assistance

In the space below, describe the progress the State has made in providing technical assistance for RLIS LEA sub-grantees as described in the State's most current Consolidated State Application. If providing quantitative data along with your narrative, please ensure all data is converted to text format.

Comments

The SEA provides technical assistance for RLIS LEA sub-grantees through a few different methods. The SEA has 1 FTE dedicated staff to provide technical assistance as needed to RLIS recipients. This staff person is accessible via phone/email for LEA on-demand requests. Other ESSA staff in the SEA are updated through team meetings on issues that may come up for RLIS LEAs so that they may provide technical assistance as "subject matter experts" on an as-needed basis. The SEA also funds through Title V RLIS various experts in the field to provide technical assistance in various settings related to the different uses of funds for RLIS. The Office of Accountability also sends out periodic newsletters to the field providing technical assistance to LEAs on various issues relating to ESSA programs, including RLIS. LEAs can also visit the SEA's dedicated REAP webpage, which contains various resources and information on the REAP programs including RLIS.

2.8.4 RLIS Subgrant Award Determination

Please report the method the SEA used to award grants to eligible LEAs. If the SEA used a competitive process, please describe that process and include a description of the methods and criteria the SEA used to review applications, award funds to LEAs, and how the LEAs were notified of the process. If the SEA used a formula besides one based on the number of students in average daily attendance served by eligible LEAs in the State, please describe that formula, including an explanation of how this alternative formula enables the SEA to allot grant funds in a manner that serves equal or greater concentrations of children from families with incomes below the poverty line, relative to the concentration that would be served if the SEA used a formula based on the number of students in average daily attendance served by eligible LEAs in the serves of students in average daily attendance served if the SEA used a formula based on the number of students in average daily eligible LEAs in the State.

Comments

The New York State Education Department used an allocation method derived from the daily average attendance of eligible LEAs for 2021-22 to determine RLIS award amounts.

2.8.5 RLIS State Administrative Funds

In the table below, provide information on state administrative funds.

Question	Percentage
What percentage of the RLIS grant funds were retained for State-level administration?	5
What percentage of those funds retained for State-level administration were used specifically for technical assistance?	100



2.8.6 RLIS LEAs Awarded Funds

Please list the NCES LEA ID and name of each LEA that received RLIS funds and the amount each received.

Data published outside report.



2.8.7 Small, Rural School Achievement (SRSA) Program, Alternative Fund Use Authority (AFUA)

Populated with LEA-LEVEL FS131/DG614.

Number of SRSA-	Percent of SRSA-
and Dual-eligible LEAs	and Dual-eligible LEAs
informed their SEA of an	informed their SEA of an
intent to utilize AFUA,	intent to utilize AFUA,
under Section 5211 of the	under Section 5211 of the
ESEA.	ESEA.
0	0

STATE CERTIFICATION

Did the State certify this report?
YES

Date the State certified
5/23/2023 12:17:33 PM